Area 4

Social-Emotional Development

The ability to get along with others is a critical skill that begins in early childhood. During these years, a child moves through three stages that result in positive social-emotional behaviors. First, he/she learns to trust and belong to a family and others. As a result of trusting others, a child learns to gain independence and self-control. Finally, a child is ready to take initiative and risks as self-confidence grows.

Self-Care Skills

At around two years of age, a child strives to independently care for himself or herself, imitating other family members. By the time a child enters school, he/she is expected to perform basic physical functions. These include the ability to feed, dress, groom, and use the bathroom independently.

Social Skills

Whenever a child works with others on projects, activities, and games, he/she is learning to cooperate, share materials, and take turns. Also, a child learns patience and respect for other's ideas and feelings. Many factors, such as heredity, culture, economics, and community, influence social skill development.

Emotional Development

During the preschool years, a child develops a sense of positive self-esteem that blossoms into a unique identity and personality. Clearly, the quality and consistency of the emotional support received during this time is critical to overall development.

Suggested Items

- cup
- spoon
- · dry cereal, milk, bowl
- fork
- knife
- · clothes with buttons, snaps, zippers
- · clothing jacket, socks

Similar items may be substituted.

Social-Emotional Development

Self-Care

Eats by self
☐ drinks from cup without spilling
☐ feeds self entire meal when food is cut up
☐ pours liquid into glass with some spilling
☐ uses spoon without spilling much
□ puts dry cereal and milk in bowl without spilling
☐ holds and uses fork effectively — stabs food and brings it to mouth
uses knife to spread soft food
☐ uses knife for cutting
Prepares water for washing
☐ turns water faucet on and off
adjusts hot and cold water temperature
Avoids danger
☐ walks slowly on wet, icy, or slippery surfaces
☐ demonstrates caution by avoiding hot stoves, knives, heights, electric outlets, deep water,
broken glass, etc.
Manipulates clothes fasteners without help
☐ unfastens large buttons and snaps
☐ buttons large front buttons
□ puts zipper in catch and zips large front zipper
Undresses self
☐ completely undresses self without help
Dresses self
☐ without help: puts on coat, jacket, sweater, pants, socks (except buttons and fasteners).
Blows and wipes nose
□ without help.
[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]
Self Care Total: 18
Circle this number on the <i>Developmental Chart - Social-Emotional Development</i> . (p. 36)

Social-Emotional Development

Social Skills

	Follows simple rules
	□ about 50% of the time.
	☐ in circle or group games led by adult (e.g., Ring-Around-a-Rosy)
	□ plays simple board/card games with other kids with adult help (e.g., Candyland®)
	☐ waits for adult/teacher to give child attention
	☐ consistently complies with the rules of fair play in games
	Interacts with others
75	☐ shows an interest in the conversation of others
	☐ shows a preference for some peers, has special friends
	☐ prefers playing with other children, rather than adults
	☐ begins to share and take turns
	Joins
	□ other children in cooperative play groups.
	Lauraha at
	Laughs at
	☐ silly behavior of others.
	Greets others □ responds consistently and appropriately to "Hi!" "How are you?" from familiar adults
	☐ responds consistently and appropriately to Hi! How are you? If the laminar addition
	Aware of own good and bad behavior
	☐ apologizes when breaks or damages another's possessions
	□ admits wrong doing
Social	Skills Total: 14
Civala	this number on the Developmental Chart - Social-Emotional Development. (p. 36)

Social-Emotional Development

Emotional Development

	Stays with one activity/task by self less than 5 minutes 5-10 minutes 10-15 minutes 15-20 minutes
	Respects property □ claims own possessions □ recognizes other's property □ asks permission to use other's possessions
	Expresses emotions/frustrations with words, not actions (most of the time) states how he/she feels when asked (happy, sad, mad) says, "Stop it," "Don't do that," or similar statements rather than hitting, pushing, crying, or yelling names facial expressions of other's basic emotions (happy, sad, mad)
	Separates ☐ from parent in familiar surroundings, without crying.
	Develops healthy self-concept ☐ makes positive comments about self: "I'm good." "I'm big." ☐ calls attention and takes pride in own achievements ☐ participates in competitive games
	Reacts □ calmly, and accepts mild failures and disappointments. □ seeks alternative activities when necessary
	Shows concern for others ☐ shows sympathy/comforts others who are in distress
	Accepts delayed rewards □ gives up immediate reward for promise of delayed reward
Em	notional Development Total: 18

22

Circle this number on the *Developmental Chart - Social-Emotional Development*. (p. 36)